

LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – STATISTICS

FIFTH SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2009

ST 5500 - ESTIMATION THEORY

Date & Time: 3/11/2009 / 9:00 - 12:00 Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Part-A

Answer All the questions

(10 x 2 = 20)

1. Define unbiasedness of an estimator with an example.
2. Give an example for a consistent estimator.
3. Explain sufficiency of an estimator.
4. Define UMVUE.
5. Show that $\{w(0, \sigma^2), \sigma \rightarrow 0\}$ is not complete .
6. Mention any two properties of MLE.
7. Define prior distribution.
8. Define Risk function.
9. What is linear estimation?
10. Define BLUE.

PART-B

Answer any FIVE questions

(5 x 8 = 40)

11. State and prove Cramer – Rao inequality.
12. If X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n is a random sample from a normal population $N(\mu, 1)$,
then show that $T = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2$ is an unbiased estimator of $\mu^2 + 1$.
13. Establish Rao – Blackwell theorem.
14. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be i.i.d. $b(1, p)$ random variables. Show that $T = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$.
is a sufficient statistic and also complete for the parameter p .
15. Explain the method of moments in estimation.
16. A random sample X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n is taken from a normal population with mean zero and variance σ^2 . Find MVUE for σ^2 .
17. Explain the general procedure of Bayes estimation.
18. Obtain Least Square estimators for the parameters of a linear function $y = \alpha + \beta x$.

PART-C

Answer any two questions

(2 x 20 = 40)

19. a) State and prove Chapman – Robbin’s inequality.
- b) Prove that for Cauchy’s distribution not sample mean but sample median is a consistent estimator of the population mean.
20. a) State and prove Lehmann – Scheffe theorem.
- b) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from a uniform population on $(0, \theta)$. Find a sufficient estimator for θ .
21. a) Explain Method of minimum Chi – Square and modified minimum Chi – Square.
- b) Estimate α and β in the following distribution by the method of moments.
 $f(x; \alpha, \beta) = [\beta^\alpha / \sqrt{\alpha} (\alpha)] x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta x}, 0 \leq x < \infty.$
22. a) Obtain the maximum likelihood estimate of θ in $f(x; \theta) = (1 + \theta) x^\theta$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$, based on a random sample of size n . Examine whether it is sufficient for θ .
- b) Find Bayes estimator of the parameter p of a binomial distribution with x successes out of n given that the prior distribution of p is a beta distribution with parameters α and β .